

Manufactured For:
Elka Corporation

NOVAPLUS[®] X Drug Test Cup

CLIA WAIVED

— Instructions —

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INTENDED USE

The NOVAPLUS[®] X Drug Test Cup is an immuno-chromatographic assay for rapid, qualitative detection of drug combinations and their principal metabolites in urine at specified cut-off concentrations. In the NOVAPLUS[®] X Drug Test Cup, X may denote any number of drugs. These drug combinations may be composed from any of the following drugs, at the noted cut-off concentrations:

DRUG CLASS	ABBREVIATIONS	SENSITIVITY
AMPHETAMINE	AMP	1000 ng/ml
BARBITURATES	BAR	300 ng/ml
BENZODIAZEPINES	BZD	300 ng/ml
BUPRENORPHINE	BUP	10 ng/ml
COCAINE	COC	300 ng/ml
MARIJUANA	THC	50 ng/ml
METHADONE	MAD	300 ng/ml
METHAMPHETAMINE	MET	1000 ng/ml
METHYLENEDIOXYMETHAMPHETAMINE	MDMA	500 ng/ml
OPIATES	OPI	300 ng/ml
OPIATES	OPI	2000 ng/ml
OXYCODONE	OXY	100 ng/ml
PHENCYCLIDINE	PCP	25 ng/ml
TRICYCLIC ANTIDEPRESSANT	TCA	1000 ng/ml

Note: The test provides only preliminary data which should be confirmed by other methods such as gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS). Clinical considerations and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary positive results are indicated.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST

The NOVAPLUS[®] X Drug Test Cup is an easy, fast, qualitative, visually read competitive binding immunoassay method for screening without the need of instrumentation. The method employs a unique mixture of antibodies to selectively identify the drugs of abuse and their metabolites in test samples with a high degree of sensitivity.

Drug abuse remains a growing social and economical concern in many developed and developing countries throughout the world. The above stated drugs are among the most frequently abused illicit drugs, according to the U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Opiates are among a class of heavily abused prescription drugs.

The sensitivity of the NOVAPLUS[®] X Drug Test Cup is set as required for the screening immunoassays of these drugs in the reference guidelines set by the U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, where applicable.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The NOVAPLUS[®] X Drug Test Cup is a competitive binding immunoassay in which drug and drug metabolites in a urine sample compete with immobilized drug conjugate for limited labeled antibody binding sites. By utilizing antibodies that are

specific to different drug classes, the test permits independent, simultaneous detection of any of the drug combinations from a single sample. The approximate run time is 5 minutes.

In the assay procedure, urine mixes with labeled antibody-dye conjugate and migrates along a porous membrane. When the concentration of a given drug is below the detection limit of the test, unbound antibody-dye conjugate binds to antigen conjugate immobilized on the membrane, producing a rose-pink color band in the appropriate Test Zone for that drug. Conversely, when the drug level is at or above the detection limit, free drug competes with the immobilized antigen conjugate on the membrane by binding to antibody-dye conjugate, forming an antigen-antibody complex, preventing the development of a rose-pink color band.

Regardless of the drug levels in the sample, a rose-pink color band is produced in each Control Zone (top bands) by a parallel immunochemical reaction. These bands serve as built-in quality control measures by demonstrating antibody recognition, verifying that the reagents are chemically active.

REAGENTS AND MATERIAL PROVIDED

1. Test Devices Contains dye-conjugated antibody and immobilized antigen in protein matrix with sodium azide.
2. Test Instructions

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

1. Clock or timer.
2. Specimen collection containers.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. For *in-vitro diagnostic* use.
2. Do not use the test device beyond the expiration date.
3. All specimens should be considered potentially hazardous and handled in the same manner as an infectious agent.
4. Collect urine specimen directly into the test cup. Ensure that the sample amount meets the minimum level as indicated on the side of the test cup.
5. Read the results at 5 minutes. Do not interpret results after 30 minutes.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store test kit below 28°C; **do not freeze**. If stored at 2°-8°C, allow the test kit to reach room temperature (15°-28°C) before performing the test. Refer to the expiration date for stability.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Fresh urine specimens should be collected directly into the cup. The NOVAPLUS[®] X Drug Test Cup device employs a **thermal strip which should be checked immediately** after collection to validate urine specimen. SAMHSA regulations specify that any temperature below 90.5°F must be considered adulterated. No additives or preservatives are required.

Note: Urine specimens can be transferred from a urine collection container into NOVAPLUS[®] X Drug Test Cup, if necessary.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. Do not break the seal of the pouch until ready to begin testing.
2. Remove the test cup from the foil pouch.

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Doc ID#: PI-6XXXX-CLIA-DRAFT

Rev.: DRAFT

Eff. Date: Draft

3. Collect urine specimen directly into the test cup. Ensure that the sample amount meets the minimum level as indicated on the side of the test cup.

4. Read the results at 5 minutes. Do not interpret results after 30 minutes.

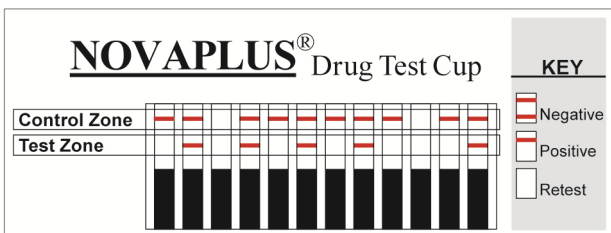
Note: The result must be interpreted at five minutes. To avoid confusion, discard the test device after interpreting the result.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Positive: A rose-pink band is visible in each Control Zone (top band). No color band appearing in the appropriate Test Zone (bottom band) indicates a preliminary positive result for the corresponding drug of that specific Test Zone. Send urine specimen to a certified laboratory for confirmation. *There is no meaning attributed to line color intensity or width.*

Negative: A rose-pink band is visible in each Control Zone and the appropriate Test Zone, indicating that the concentration of the corresponding drug of that specific Test Zone is below the detection limit of the test. *There is no meaning attributed to line color intensity or width.*

Invalid: If a color band is not visible in each of the Control Zones, the test is invalid. Another test should be run to re-evaluate the specimen.



QUALITY CONTROL

An internal procedure control has been incorporated into the test to insure proper performance and reliability.

The use of an external control is recommended to verify proper kit performance. Quality control samples should be tested according to quality control requirements established by the testing laboratory.

LIMITATIONS OF THE TEST

1. This product is designed to be used for the detection of drugs of abuse and their metabolites in human urine only.
2. Although the test is very accurate, there is the possibility false results will occur due to the presence of interfering substances in the specimen sample.
3. The test is a qualitative screening assay and is not suggested for quantitative determination of drug levels in urine, or the level of intoxication.
4. Adulterants such as bleach or other strong oxidizing agents, when added to urine specimens, can cause erroneous test results regardless of the analysis method used.
5. If adulteration is suspected, obtain another urine specimen.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Sensitivity

The NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup detects drugs of abuse and their major metabolites in urine at concentrations equal to or greater than the cutoff level for the specific drug, which is suggested by the U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health

Services Administration (SAMHSA) for the immunoassay method, where applicable.

2. Specificity

A study was conducted with the NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup to determine the cross-reactivity of drug-related compounds with the test. Substances listed in Table I produced results approximately equivalent to the cutoff levels. A separate study was conducted to determine the cross-reactivity of non-related compounds with the test at concentrations much higher than normally found in the urine of people using or abusing them. No cross-reactivity was detected with the substances listed in Table II.

Table I – Concentrations of drug-related compounds showing positive responses approximately equivalent to the cutoff set for the test

Compounds	Concentration (ng/ml)
Amphetamine – 1000 (AMP)	
d-Amphetamine	1,000
l-amphetamine	25,000
d-, l Amphetamine	10,000
β-Phenylethylamine	180,000
d-Methamphetamine	400,000
l-Methamphetamine	400,000
(±)3,4-Methylenedioxy-methylamphetamine-HCL ((±) 3,4 MDMA-HCl)	400,000
(±)3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine ((±)3,4-MDA)	1,200
Tyramine	100,000
Barbiturates – 300 (BAR)	
Allobarbital	600
Amobarbital	600
Barbital	300
Butobarbital	300
Butalbital	300
Pentobarbital	300
Phenobarbital	300
Secobarbital	300
Benzodiazepines – 300 (BZD)	
Alprazolam	600
Bromazepam	100
Chlordiazepoxide	300
Clobazam	300
Compounds	
Concentration (ng/ml)	
Clonazepam	300
Clorazepate	200
Delorazepam	3,000
Diazepam	300
Estazolam	300
Flunitrazepam	300
Flurazepam	150
Lorazepam	500
Lormetazepam	500
Nitrazepam	250
Nordiazepam	150
Oxazepam	300
Prazepam	1,500
Temazepam	150
Triazolam	200
Buprenorphine – 10 (BUP)	
Buprenorphine-3-β-D-Glucuronide	2.5
Buprenorphine	10
Nalorphine	1000
Norbuprenorphine	15,000
Norbuprenorphine-3-β-D-Glucuronide	15,000
Codeine	12,500
Cocaine – 300 (COC)	
Cocaine	300
Benzoylcegonine	300

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Rev.: DRAFT

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Marijuana – 50 (THC)	
11-nor- Δ 8-THC-9-COOH	50
11-nor- Δ 9-THC-9-COOH	50
Δ 8 –THC	7,500
Δ 9 –THC	10,000
Cannabinol	10,000
11-hydroxy- Δ 9-tetrahydrocannabinol	2,500
Methadone – 300 (MAD)	
Methadone	300
Doxylamine	50,000
EDDP	100,000
Methadol	25,000
Perphenazine	75,000
Protriptyline	2,000
Trimipramine	10,000
Methamphetamine – 1000 (mAMP)	
(+) Methamphetamine	1,000
(\pm)3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine (MDMA)	1,000
(\pm)3,4-Methylenedioxy-amphetamine-HCl ((\pm) 3,4 MDA-HCl)	200,000
d-Amphetamine Sulfate	200,000
l-Amphetamine Sulfate	200,000
Δ -l-Amphetamine Sulfate	200,000
3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine – 500 (MDMA)	
Δ -Amphetamine	1,000,000
Δ -Methamphetamine	500,000
l-Methamphetamine	500,000
(\pm)3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine (MDA)	5,000
3,4-Methylethylamphetamine (MDEA)	5,000
(\pm)3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine (MDMA, Ecstasy)	500
p-Methoxyamphetamine (PMA)	500,000
Opiates – 300 (OPI)	
6-Acetylmorphine	300
Codeine	300
Ethylmorphine	5,000
Hydrocodone	6,000
Hydromorphone	6,000
Morphine	300
Opiates – 2000 (OPI)	
Codeine	2,000
Heroin	2,000
Levorphanol	4,000
Morphine 3- β -D-Glucuronide	2,000
Opiate Compounds	Concentration (ng/ml)
Ranitidine	100,000
6-Acetylmorphine	50
Oxycodone – 100 (OXY)	
Oxycodone-HCL	100
Codeine	700
Hydrocodone	500
Hydromorphone	1,500
Morphine-Sulfate	7,000
Morphine 3- β -D-Glucuronide	40,000
Norcodeine	40,000
Oxymorphone	300
Phencyclidine – 25 (PCP)	
Phencyclidine	25
Tenocyclidine	2,000
Tricyclic Antidepressants – 1000 (TCA)	
Amitriptyline	1,000
Cyclobenzaprine	1,500
Clomipramine	5,000
Desipramine	600
Doxepin	1,000
Imipramine	600
Nortriptyline	1,000
Nordoxepin	1,000

Table II – Compounds tested and found not to cross react with NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup at a 100 μ g/ml concentration in urine

Acetaminophen	Diphenhydramine	Naltrexone
Acetone	5,5-Diphenylhydantoin	(+/-)Naproxen
Acetyl salicylic acid	Dopamine	Nicotine
Amikacin	EDDP	Noscapine Hydrochloride
Amitriptyline	+ Ephedrine	Oxalic Acid
Amikacin	- Ephedrine	Omega-3-fatty acid
Ampicillin	+/- Epinephrine	Penicillin G
l-Ascorbic Acid (Vitamin C)	Erythromycin	Phenazine
Aspartame	Ethanol	l-Phenylephrine
Aspirin	Fentanyl	(+/-)-Phenylpropanolamine
Atropine	Fluoxetine	Promethazine
Benzocaine	Furosemide	Pseudoephedrine
Benzoic acid	Glucosamine	Quinine
(+)-Brompheniramine	Guaiacol Glyceryl Ether	Quinidine
Caffeine	Hydrochlorothiazide	Salicylic acid
(+)-Chlorpheniramine	Ibuprofen	Sustiva
(+/-)-Chlorpheniramine	Ketamine	Sulindac
Chlorpromazine	Lidocaine	Theophylline
Cortisone	Maprotiline	Thioridazine
(-)-Cotinin	Meperidine	Tramadol
Dextromethorphan	Methanol	d(+)-Trehalose
4-Dimethylaminoantipyrine	Methylphenidate	Trifluoperazine

In order to examine potential naturally occurring interfering substances normally contained in urine, drug free urine and drug positive urine were spiked with various potential interfering substances. Both samples were tested with NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup device. No cross-reaction was noted by any of the following substances at the concentrations list in the following table:

Table III – Natural Occurring Compounds in Urine and the Effect on NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup

Analyte	Range	Effect	
		Positive*	Negative**
Ascorbic	300 mg/dl	None	None
Bilirubin	1.0 mg/dl	None	None
Creatine	500 mg/dl	None	None
Glucose	1500 mg/dl	None	None
Hemoglobin	300 mg/dl	None	None
Potassium	110 mEq/dl	None	None
Human Serum Albumin	500 mg/dl	None	None
Globulin	1500 mg/dl	None	None
Sodium chloride	6000 mg/dl	None	None
Uric Acid	23 mg/dl	None	None
Cholesterol	500 mg/dl	None	None

*Concentration of Positive Drug Control = Amphetamine 1250ng/ml, Methamphetamine 1250ng/ml, Opiates 2500ng/ml, Cocaine 375ng/ml, THC 63ng/ml, Phencyclidine (PCP) 32ng/ml, Benzodiazepine (450ng/ml), Barbiturate (450ng/ml), Methadone (450ng/ml), TCA (1250ng/ml), Oxycodone (100ng/ml), Propoxyphene (300ng/ml), Buprenorphine (12.5ng/ml)

** Concentration of Drug [Drug Free Urine] = 0 ng/ml

3. Effects of prolonged specimen exposure to the test device

In order to determine if there were any significant affects on the

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Rev.: DRAFT

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specimen by prolonged exposure to the test device, a study on the **NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup** was performed using in-house urine control with GC/MS value assignment. The test specimens were subjected to a time zero (0) GC/MS evaluation. The test specimens were then applied to the **NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup** such that the fluid level was midway between urine level marks and moderately shaken for a period of 10 minutes. The **NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup** with the test specimens were stored for 60 hours at room temperature (15-30°C).

Samples for GC/MS analysis were taken at times 0, 12, 36 and 60 hours. Statistically there was no significant change in the concentrations reported for any of the analytes at any time period. Based upon the GC/MS data, it may be safe to conclude that there were no significant changes in the analyte concentrations of specimens that could be related to the device or the test strips contained in the device.

4. Accuracy

The accuracy of the **NOVAPLUS® X Drug Test Cup** was tested in a clinical trial of urine samples submitted to a SAMHSA certified laboratory. All samples were verified by confirmed reference testing. The relative sensitivity results are summarized as follows:

3.1 Amphetamine (AMP) 1000ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	45	2
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	56

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 45/45 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 56/58 or 96.6%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 101/103 or 98.1%.

3.2 Barbiturate (BAR) 300ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	54	2
NOVAPLUS® Negative	1	46

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 54/55 or 98.2%. The relative specificity was computed to be 46/48 or 95.8%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 100/103 or 97.1%.

3.3 Benzodiazepine (BZD) 300ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	49	1
NOVAPLUS® Negative	1	52

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 49/49 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 52/53 or 98.1%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 101/103 or 98.1%.

3.4 Buprenorphine (BUP) 10ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	49	0
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	84

When compared to GC/Mass or LC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 49/49 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 84/84 or 100%. The

concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 133/133 or 100%.

3.5 Cocaine (COC) 300ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	45	2
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	56

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 45/45 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 56/58 or 96.6%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 101/103 or 98.1%.

3.6 Marijuana (THC) 50ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	48	2
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	53

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 48/48 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 53/55 or 96.4%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 101/103 or 98.1%.

3.7 Methadone (MAD) 300ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	45	2
NOVAPLUS® Negative	1	57

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 45/46 or 97.8%. The relative specificity was computed to be 57/59 or 96.6%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 102/105 or 97.1%.

3.8 Methamphetamine (MET) 1000ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	46	2
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	55

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 46/46 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 55/57 or 96.5%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 101/103 or 98.1%.

3.9 Methylenedioxyamphetamine (MDMA) 500ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	53	6
NOVAPLUS® Negative	1	150

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 53/54 or 98.1%. The relative specificity was computed to be 150/156 or 96.2%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 203/210 or 96.7%.

3.10 Opiates (OPI) 300ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	60	5
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	105

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 60/60 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 105/110 or 95.5%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 165/170 or 97.1%.

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Rev.: DRAFT

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3.11 Opiates (OPI) 2000ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	45	2
NOVAPLUS® Negative	1	57

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 45/46 or 97.8%. The relative specificity was computed to be 57/59 or 96.6%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 102/105 or 97.1%.

3.12 Oxycodone (OXY) 100ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	58	1
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	44

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 58/58 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 44/45 or 97.8%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 102/103 or 99%.

3.13 Phencyclidine (PCP) 25ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	53	0
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	50

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 53/53 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 50/50 or 100%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 103/103 or 100%.

3.14 Tricyclic Antidepressant (TCA) 1000ng/ml Cutoff Level

	<u>GC/MS Positive</u>	<u>GC/MS Negative</u>
NOVAPLUS® Positive	57	3
NOVAPLUS® Negative	0	43

When compared to GC/Mass the relative sensitivity was computed to be 57/57 or 100%. The relative specificity was computed to be 43/46 or 93.5%. The concordance of the combined data with respect to GC/Mass was 100/103 or 97.1%.

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Cocaine Test

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